MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ELANESE CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC 1250 W. MOCKINGBIRD LANE/DALLAS, TEXAS 75247

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO: 806-665-5522 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO: 214-689-4000

METHYL L KETONE

REVISION DATE: JANUARY, 1983

IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Methyl Ethyl Ketone

(MEK)

CHEMICAL NAME: Methyl Ethyl Ketone

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Ketone FORMULA: CH3COCH2CH3 **MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 72.10** synonyms: 2-Butanone; MEK

CHEMICAL ABSTRACT **SERVICE NAME:** 2-Butanone

CHEMICAL ABSTRACT SERVICE NUMBER: 78-93-3

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: Flammable

SHIPPING NAME: Methyl Ethyl Ketone

UNITED NATIONS NUMBER: 1193 D.O.T. EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE NO: 26

PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT (760 mm. Hg): 79.6°C

FREEZING POINT: -86.7°C

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H₂O = 1 at 20/20°C): 0.8062

VAPOR PRESSURE (20°C): 77.5 mm Hg VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1 at 20°C): 2.41 SOLUBILITY IN WATER (% by WT @ 20°C): 26.8

PERCENT VOLATILES BY VOLUME: 100 **EVAPORATION RATE (Buac = 1): 5.7 APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Colorless** liquid, acetone-like odor.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIEN

MATERIAL: Methyl Ethyl Ketone, .99.8%

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR, **% BY VOLUME**

1.97 LOWER: 11.00 UPPER:

FLASH POINT (TEST METHOD): TAG OPEN CUP (ASTM D1310): 30°F TAG CLOSED CUP (ASTM D56): 20°F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Use dry chemical, "alcohol foam", or CO₂; water may be ineffective, but should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and complete personal protective equipment. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed structures and tanks and to disperse vapor cloud if fire is not present.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Vapor is heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback.

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION **ASSOCIATION SECTION 325M & 704M DESIGNATIONS:**

HEALTH: FLAMMABILITY: 3 REACTIVITY:

REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Stable

conditions to avoid: Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorinated hydrocarbons in the presence of alkalies.

INCOMPATIBILITY

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Alkanolamines. amines, pyridines, ammonia, caustics, inorganic acids and isocyanates.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION OR DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

HEALTH HAZARD DATA

PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS osha standard: 200 ppm, 8-hour time-weighted average.

ACGIH: THRESHOLD

LIMIT VALUE (TLV®): 200 ppm, 8-hour time-weighted average; 300 ppm, Short-Term Exposure Limit.

ACUTE EFFECTS OF EXPOSURE

INGESTION (SWALLOWING): Slightly toxic: can cause narcosis.

INHALATION (BREATHING): Produces narcosis and irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory tract.

SKIN (DERMAL): Repeated or prolonged contact can cause drying of skin. Dermatoses and dermatitis have occurred with prolonged

EYE CONTACT: Liquid and vapors are irritating to eyes. The liquid may cause eye injury.

METHYL ETHYL KETONE MEK

ACUTE ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA:

Oral, rats:

 $LD_{50} = 2737 \text{ mg/kg}$ Inhalation, rats: LCLo = 2000 ppm/4 hours

Dermal, rabbits: $LD_{50} = 13 \text{ g/kg}$

CHRONIC ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA:

Rats exposed to vapor levels up to 5000 ppm for 90 days (6 hours/day) did not show any adverse effects. MEK may potentiate the toxic effects of n-hexane, methyl butyl ketone and carbon tetrachloride. Additional information concerning toxicity testing is available by contacting the Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology Department at 214/689-4000.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

ingestion (swallowing): Induce vomiting of conscious patient immediately by giving 2 glasses of water and pressing finger down throat. Contact a physician immediately.

INHALATION (BREATHING): Remove patient from contaminated area. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration, then oxygen if needed. Contact a physician.

SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing and wash with large amounts of water. If irritation persists, contact a physician.

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Contact a physician immediately.

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Place leaking containers in well ventilated areas. Eliminate ignition sources. Use foam to control vapors. Flush area with water sparingly or use an absorbent to contain and/or remove spill. Dike the spill to minimize contaminated area and facilitate salvage or disposal. Avoid run-off into storm sewers and ditches which lead to natural waterways. Call the National Response Center (800-424-8802) if spill is in reportable quantity (1 lb/day) under "Superfund". If required, state and local authorities should be notified.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Incineration, biological treatment of dilute solution, or landfill if solidified prior to disposal. Use of injection wells may provide an alternate means of disposal for compatible materials.

SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SPECIFY TYPE):

Use NIOSH approved organic vapor cartridge or canister respirator within use limitations of these devices; in all other situations, use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

VENTILATION

LOCAL EXHAUST: Recommended when appropriate to control employee exposure.

MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Not recommended as the sole means of controlling employee exposure.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Neoprene or rubber gloves.

EYE PROTECTION:

Chemical safety goggles.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

For operations where spills or splashing may occur, use an impervious body covering and boots. A safety shower and eye bath should be available.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

Avoid product contact with copper or copper bearing materials. May form acetylene gas. The use of spark-resistant tools is recommended.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation.



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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (Approved by U.S. Department of Labor "Essentially Similar" to Form LSB (OS 4)

| CHEMICAL NAME: METHY | L ETHYL KETONE | | ************************************** | \ \ | |
|--|--|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| SYNONYMS: 2-Butanone | | CHEMICAL FAMILY: Ketones | | | |
| FORMULA: CH3COC2H5 | | MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 72.10 | | | |
| TRADE NAME AND SYNONY | MS: Methyl Ethyl Ketone | | | | |
| | I. PHYS | ICAL DATA | | | |
| BOILING POINT, 760 mm. Hg | 79.6°C. (175.3°F.) | FREEZING PO | FREEZING POINT | | |
| SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O = 1) | 0.8061 at 20/20°C. | VAPOR PRESSURE AT 20°C. | | 70 mm. Hg | |
| VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1) | 2.5 | SOLUBILITY IN WATER, % I | SOLUBILITY IN WATER, % by wt at 20 °C. | | |
| PER CENT VOLATILES BY VOLUME | 100 | EVAPORATIO | EVAPORATION RATE (Butyl Acetate 1) | | |
| APPEARANCE AND ODOR | Clear liquid; nonresidual o | odor. | | | |
| | II. HAZARDOL | JS INGREDIENT | S | | |
| | MATERIAL | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | TLV (Unit | |
| American Company of the Company of t | Not applicable | | | | |
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| | III. FIRE AND EXPL | OCION HAZADI | י אדע ר | | |
| FLASH POINT 22°F., Tag of | AU | TOIGNITION PERATURE | 960°F | | |
| FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR, | % by volume LOW | /ER 1 1.8 | UPPER | 10 | |
| | | | | | |
| EXTINGUISHING MEDIA | Use carbon dioxide or dry chemic Use alcohol-type foam for large fi | | | | |
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| | | | | and the second s | |
| SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES | None | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS | None | | | | |
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| | and the second s | PHONE NUMBERS | | To the same of the same | |
| | Dr. C. U. Dernehl, 212/551 Dr. K. S. Lane, 212/551-47 | | | And the second second | |
| | C, P. Carpenter, Ph.D., 412/ | /327-1020; 412/241-7896 | (night) | | |

IV. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

| HRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE | 200 ppm. | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
| FFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE | Irritation of nose, throat and eyes. Headache, nausea, vomiting. | | | | | |
| MERGENCY AND FIRST ID PROCEDURES | Remove to fre | ish air and call a physician induce vomiting and call a | . Flush skin and eye contact physician. | with water. | | |
| | | | | | | |
| . | V . 1 | REACTIVITY DA | ATA | | | |
| STABILITY UNSTABLE STABLE | CONDITIONS TO AVOID | None | | | | |
| NCOMPATIBILITY materials to avoid) | None | | | | | |
| IAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS | Thermal deco | mposition may produce c | arbon monoxide and/or carb | oon dioxide. | | |
| May Occur Will not Occur | CONDITIONS TO AVOID | None | | | | |
| \ | VI. SPILL | OR LEAK PRO | CEDURES | | | |
| STEPS TO BE TAKEN F MATERIAL IS RELEASED DR SPILLED | Eliminate all sources of ignition. Flush with large volumes of water. | | | | | |
| NASTE DISPOSAL METHOD | Atomize into | an incinerator. | | | | |
| VII. | SPECIAL | PROTECTION | INFORMATION | | | |
| RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (specify type) | All-purpose o | canister mask. Chemical ca | rtridge respirator. | | | |
| I OCAL EXHAUST | Preferred | | SPECIAL | None | | |
| VENTILATION MECHANICAL (general) | Acceptable | - | OTHER | None | | |
| PROTECTIVE GLOVES | Rubber glove |)S | PROTECTION | Face shield | | |
| OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT | None | | | | | |
| | VIII. S | PECIAL PRECA | | | | |
| PRECAUTIONARY LABELING | | FLAMMABLE. BREATI | HYL ETHYL KETONE HING OF VAPORS MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATIO IN THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL THE | N. er open. Use with adequate | | |
| PRECAUTIONANT LABELING | ventila | stion. Avoid prolonged or et with skin. Avoid contact | repeated breathing of vapor. | Avoid protonged of repea | | |
| | | FOR | INDUSTRY USE ONLY | | | |
| OTHER HANDLING AND | | | | | | |

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